

UČNI NAČRT PREDMETA / COURSE SYLLABUS							
Predmet:		Aproksimacijski in naključnostni algoritmi					
Course title:		Approximation and randomized algorithms					
Študijski program in stopnja Study programme and level		Študijska smer Study field		Letnik Academic year		Semester Semester	
Interdisciplinarni magistrski študijski program Računalništvo in matematika		ni smeri		1 in 2		prvi	
Interdisciplinary Masters study programme Computer Science and Mathematics		none		1 in 2		first	
Vrsta predmeta / Course type				izbirni			
Univerzitetna koda predmeta / University course code:							
Predavanja Lectures	Seminar Seminar	Vaje Tutorial	Klinične vaje work	Druge oblike študija	Samost. delo Individ. work	ECTS	
45		30			105	6	
Nosilec predmeta / Lecturer:		Borut Robič					
Jeziki / Languages:		Predavanja / Lectures:		slovenski/Slovene			
		Vaje / Tutorial:		slovenski/Slovene			
Pogoji za vključitev v delo oz. za opravljanje študijskih obveznosti:				Prerequisites:			
Vsebina:				Content (Syllabus outline):			
Predmet bo vseboval naslednje vsebine:				The course will offer the following themes: Introduction			

Uvod	Computational complexity of decision and optimization problems
Računska zahtevnost odločitvenih in optimizacijskih problemov	NP-complete and NP-hard problems
NP-polni in NP-težki problemi	Heuristic algorithms, quality of suboptimal solutions, (non)existence of a guarantee of quality
Hevristični algoritmi, kakovost suboptimalnih rešitev, (ne)obstoje zagotovila za kakovost	Approximate solving of NP-hard problems
Približno reševanje NP-težkih probl.	Approximation algorithms
Aproksimacijski algoritmi	Quality of approximate solutions
Kakovost približnih rešitev	The class APX
Razred APX	Gap technique
Tehnika z vrzeljo	Approximation schemes
Aproksimacijske sheme	The classes PTAS and FPTAS
Razreda PTAS in FPTAS	Limits of approximate solving
Meje približnega reševanja	The design of approximation algorithms
Razvoj aproksimacijskih algoritmov	Greedy method
Požrešna metoda	Focusing on subproblems
Osredotočanje na podporobleme	Iterative partitioning
Zaporedno razdeljevanje	Dynamic programming
Dinamično programiranje	Randomized solving of NP-hard problems
Naključnostno reševanje NP-težkih probl.	Las Vegas and Monte Carlo algorithms
Las Vegas in Monte Carlo algoritmi	The classes RP, co-RP, ZPP, PP, BPP
Razredi RP, co-RP, ZPP, PP, BPP	The design of randomized algorithm
Razvoj naključnostnih algoritmov	Random sampling
Naključno vzorčenje	

Zagotavljanje obilice prič	Establishing abundance of witnesses
Naključno preurejanje vhoda	Random reordering
Zgoščanje	Hashing
Enakomerno porazdeljevanje bremen	Load balancing

Temeljni literatura in viri / Readings:

B. Robič, Aproksimacijski algoritmi, Založba FE in FRI, 2.izd., 2009.

D.P. Williamson, D.B. Shmoys, The Design of Approximation Algorithms, Cambridge University Press, 2011.

V. V. Vazirani, Approximation Algorithms, Springer, 2004.

D. Hochbaum, Approximation Algorithms for NP-hard Problems, Course Technology, 1996.

R. Motwani, P.Raghavan, Randomized Algorithms, Cambridge University Press, 1995.

M. Mitzenmacher, E. Upfal, Probability and Computing: Randomized algorithms and Probabilistic Analysis, Cambridge University Press, 2005.

Cilji in kompetence:

Slušatelji bodo na teoretičnem nivoju in prek praktičnih primerov osvojili znanja za približno in naključnostno reševanje praktičnih problemov, ki so v razumnem času drugače neobvladljivi.

Objectives and competences:

Students will learn, both theoretically and through practical examples, how to use approximation and randomization techniques to solve practical yet intractable computational problems.

Predvideni študijski rezultati:

Znanje in razumevanje:

Študent bo po opravljenem predmetu:

- razumel razloge za aproksimacijski in/ali naključnostni pristop k reševanju nekaterih, predvsem NP-težkih računskih problemov,
- razumel razliko (in povezave) med odločitvenimi in optimizacijskimi problemi,
- razumel praktične razloge za aproks. ali naklj. računanje suboptimalnih rešitev problemov,

Intended learning outcomes:

Knowledge and understanding:

After completing the course the student will:

- understand the reasons for approximative or randomized approach to solving of (mainly NP-hard) computational problems,
- understand the differences (and connections) between decision and optimization problems,
- understand the practical reasons for approx.

-- razumel osnovne pojme o aproks. in naklj. algoritmih,

-- razumel razne pristope za določanje kakovosti suboptimalnih rešitev ter omejitve teh pristopov,

-- razumel razrede zahtevnosti odločitvenih in optimizacijskih problemov glede na njihovo odzivnost na aproks. ali naklj. reševanje, in relacije med temi razredi,

-- poznal aproks. in naklj. algoritme za izbrane pomembne NP-težke probleme,

-- usposobljen uporabljati razne metode za razvoj in analizo aproks. in naklj. algoritmov

-- usposobljen za samostojno iskanje in razumevanje novih raziskovalnih rezultatov s področij aproksimacijsega in naključnostnega reševanja računskih problemov.

or rand. computing of suboptimal solutions,

-- understand the basic notions about approx. and rand. algorithms,

-- understand different approaches to estimation of the quality of suboptimal solutions, and their limitations,

-- understand the complexity classes of decision and optimization problems according to their amenability to approx. or rand. solving, and the relations between the classes,

-- know approx. or rand. algorithms for selected important NP-hard problems,

-- be able to use different methods of the design and analysis of approx. and rand. algorithms,

-- be able to follow and understand the new research results in the area of approximation and randomized algorithms

Metode poučevanja in učenja:

Predavanja, domače naloge, seminarski način dela pri vajah.

Learning and teaching methods:

Lectures, homeworks, and exercise groups.

Delež (v %) /

Načini ocenjevanja:

Weight (in %)

Assessment:

Način (pisni izpit, naloge, projekt)	50%	Type (examination, coursework, project): Continuing (homework, practical work)
Sprotno preverjanje (domače naloge, praktično delo)	50%	Final (written exam)

<p>Končno preverjanje (pisni izpit)</p> <p>Ocene: 6-10 pozitivno, 5 negativno (skladno s Statutom UL).</p>		<p>Grading: 6-10 pass, 5 fail (in accordance with the rules of the University of Ljubljana).</p>
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Reference nosilca / Lecturer's references:

Borut Robič:

- MIHELIČ, Jurij, MAHJOUR, Amine, RAPINE, Christophe, ROBIČ, Borut. Two-stage flexible-choice problems under uncertainty. European journal of operational research, ISSN 0377-2217. [Print ed.], Mar. 2010, vol. 201, no. 2, str. 399-403, ilustr. [COBISS.SI-ID 7087444]
- MIHELIČ, Jurij, ROBIČ, Borut. Flexible-attribute problems. Computational optimization and applications, ISSN 0926-6003. [Print ed.], 2010, vol. 47, no. 3, str. 553-566, ilustr. [COBISS.SI-ID 7087700]
- BEZENŠEK, Mitja, ROBIČ, Borut. A survey of parallel and distributed algorithms for the Steiner tree problem. International journal of parallel programming, ISSN 0885-7458. [Print ed.], 2014, vol. 42, no. 2, str. 287-319. [COBISS.SI-ID 9891924]
- TROBEC, Roman, ŠTERK, Marjan, ROBIČ, Borut. Computational complexity and parallelization of the meshless local Petrov-Galerkin methods. Computers & Structures, ISSN 0045-7949. [Print ed.], 2009, vol. 87, no. 1/2, str. 81-90. [COBISS.SI-ID 21895463]
- ROBIČ, Borut. The foundations of computability theory. Heidelberg [etc.]: Springer, cop. 2015. XX, 331 str., ilustr. ISBN 978-3-662-44807-6. ISBN 978-3-662-44808-3. [COBISS.SI-ID 1536557251]